



M2-05: Box Plot Examples

Part of the "Exploratory Data Analysis" Learning Badge

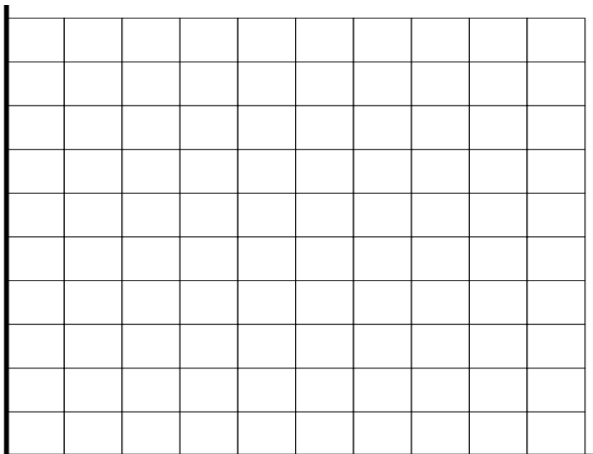
Video Walkthrough: <https://discovery.cs.illinois.edu/m2-05/>

Box Plot Examples

Puzzle #1: Below is a distribution table for the scores on an exam for a large upper level statistics class. The right-hand column shows the percentage of scores in each interval. The lowest score was 0, the second-lowest was 6, and the highest score was 100. To draw a box plot of the data you'd have to find the median, Q1, and Q3:

Median= _____	Score	%
Q1 = _____	0-50	25
Q3= _____	50-60	10
The middle 50% of the scores lie between _____ & _____.	60-70	15
List all outliers _____	70-80	25
	80-90	20
	90-100	5

Draw a boxplot of the exam scores below:



*If the dataset has no outliers, the ends of the whiskers represent the minimum and maximum values of the dataset.

* If the dataset does have outliers, the outliers are plotted as single dots & the ends of the whiskers represent the highest and lowest data points that are not outliers (within $1.5 \cdot \text{IQR}$ of Q1 and Q3).

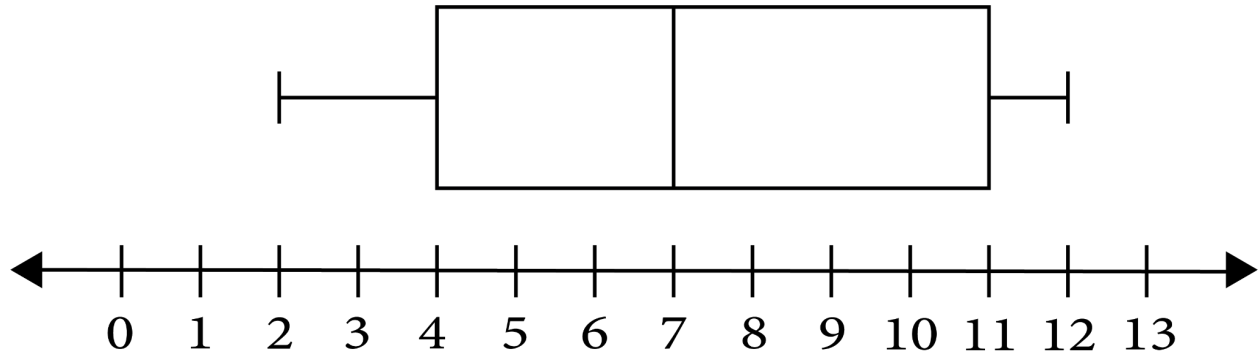


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Puzzle #2: Answer the following questions about the horizontal boxplot below:



- a) What is the value of Q_3 ? _____
- b) What is the value of the median? _____
- c) What percent of data is less than 4? _____%
- d) Which interval has a greater % of the data: 4-7 or 7-11 or are they the same? _____
- e) What is the range of the data represented in the boxplot above? _____
- f) Are there any outliers in the boxplot above? _____